ARIKA RESOURCES LIMITED (FORMERLY METALICITY LIMITED) ACN 086 839 992 (Company)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2025

This Corporate Governance Statement is current as of 12 September 2025 and has been approved by the Board of the Company on 12 September 2025.

This Corporate Governance Statement discloses the extent to which the Company has, during the financial year ending 30 June 2024, followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council in its publication Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations – 4th Edition (**Recommendations**). The Recommendations are not mandatory, however the Recommendations that have not been followed for any part of the reporting period have been identified and reasons provided for not following them along with what (if any) alternative governance practices were adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

The Company has adopted a Corporate Governance Plan which provides the written terms of reference for the Company's corporate governance duties.

Given the current size and nature of the Company's activities and its Board, the duties that would ordinarily be assigned to individual Board Committees are currently being carried out, under the terms of reference for each of the Committees, by the full Board.

The Company's Corporate Governance Plan is available on the Company's website at www.arika.com.au.

RECOMMENDATIONS (4 TH EDITION)		COMPLY	EXPLANATION	
Principle 1	Principle 1: Lay solid foundations for management and oversight			
(a) A ch	Recommendation 1.1		The Company has adopted a Board Charter that sets out the specific roles and responsibilities of the Board, the Chair and management and includes a description of those matters expressly reserved to the Board and those delegated to management.	

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RECOMMENDATIONS (4TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
		The Board Charter sets out the specific responsibilities of the Board, requirements as to the Board's composition, the roles and responsibilities of the Chairman and Company Secretary, the establishment, operation and management of Board Committees, Directors' access to Company records and information, details of the Board's relationship with management, details of the Board's performance review and details of the Board's disclosure policy. A copy of the Company's Board Charter, which is part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, is available on the Company's website.
Recommendation 1.2 A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a Director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a Director.	YES	 (a) The Company has guidelines for the appointment and selection of the Board and senior executives in its Corporate Governance Plan. The Company's Nomination Committee Charter (in the Company's Corporate Governance Plan) requires the Nomination Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) to ensure appropriate checks (including checks in respect of character, experience, education, criminal record and bankruptcy history (as appropriate)) are undertaken before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a Director. In the event of an unsatisfactory check, a Director is required to submit their resignation. (b) Under the Nomination Committee Charter, all material information relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a Director must be provided to security holders in the Notice of Meeting containing the resolution to elect or re-elect a Director.
Recommendation 1.3 A listed entity should have a written agreement with each Director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	YES	The Company's Nomination Committee Charter requires the Nomination Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) to ensure that each Director and senior executive is personally a party to a written agreement with the Company which sets out the terms of that Director's or senior executive's appointment. The Company has had written agreements with each of its Directors and senior executives for the past financial year.

RECOMMENDATIONS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
Recommendation 1.4 The Company Secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the Board, through the Chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.	YES	The Board Charter outlines the roles, responsibility and accountability of the Company Secretary. In accordance with this, the Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.
Recommendation 1.5 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (i) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity; (ii) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and (iii) either: (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the Board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in the Workplace Gender Equality Act. If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	YES	 (a) The Company has adopted a Diversity Policy which provides a framework for the Company to establish, achieve and measure diversity objectives, including in respect of gender diversity. The Diversity Policy is available, as part of the Corporate Governance Plan, on the Company's website. (b) The Diversity Policy allows the Board to set measurable gender diversity objectives, if considered appropriate, and to continually monitor both the objectives if any have been set and the Company's progress in achieving them. (i) The Board did not set Measurable Objectives in the last year. This is due to the fact that with the current small size of the Company, Measurable Objectives could conflict with the objective of appointing the best person for the job. (c) At Balance Date the Board comprised all male Directors and one Senior Executive (Key Management Personnel) was female (Kate Breadmore – Company Secretary). 67% of Personnel are female.

RECO	MMENDATIONS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY		EXPLANATION
A listed	evaluating the performance of the Board, its committees and individual Directors; and		(a)	The Company's Nomination Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Board, its committees and individual Directors on an annual basis. It may do so with the aid of an independent advisor. The process for this is set out in the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, which is available on the
(b)	performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.		(b)	Company's website. The Company's Corporate Governance Plan requires the Company to disclose whether or not performance evaluations were conducted during the relevant reporting period. The Company has completed performance evaluations in respect of the Board, its committees (if any) and individual Directors for the past financial year in accordance with the above process.
			(c)	The performance of the Board is reviewed regularly by the Chairman. The Chairman conducts performance evaluations which involve an assessment of each Board member's performance against specific and measurable qualitative and quantitative performance criteria. The performance criteria against which directors are assessed is aligned with the financial and non-financial objectives of the Company.
			(d)	Primarily, the review will be carried out through consultation by the Chairman and with individual Directors. Directors whose performance is consistently unsatisfactory may be asked to retire.
			(e)	During 2025, over a series of informal discussions, the Chairman reviews each Director.

RECOMMENDA	ATIONS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
A listed entity s (a) have perfor every (b) discloperfor	performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in		(a) The Company's Nomination Committee (or, in its absence the Board) is responsible for evaluating the performance the Company's senior executives on an annual basis. Tompany's Remuneration Committee (or, in its absence the Board) is responsible for evaluating the remuneration the Company's senior executives on an annual basis senior executive, for these purposes, means kernangement personnel (as defined in the Corporation)
	rdance with that process during or in respect to period.		Act) other than a non-executive Director. (b) The applicable processes for these evaluations can found in the Company's Corporate Governance Play which is available on the Company's website. (c) The performance of senior executives are review regularly by the Managing Director through the entire year The Managing Director conducts performance evaluations which involve an assessment of each ser executive's performance against specific and measural qualitative and quantitative performance criteria. The performance criteria against which executives assessed is aligned with the financial and non-finance objectives of the Company. Primarily, the review will carried out through consultation by the Managing Direct and with individual executives. Executives who performance is consistently unsatisfactory may be ask to resign.

RECO	MMENDATIONS (4TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
Princi	ple 2: Structure the Board to be effective and add valu	е	·
	mmendation 2.1 oard of a listed entity should: have a nomination committee which: (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent Directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent Director, and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the members of the committee; and (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address Board succession issues and to ensure that the Board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	No No	(a) The Company did not have a Nomination Committee for the past financial year as the Board did not consider the Company would benefit from its establishment. In accordance with the Company's Board Charter, the Board carries out the duties that would ordinarily be carried out by the Nomination Committee under the Nomination Committee Charter, including the following processes to address succession issues and to ensure the Board has the appropriate balance of skills, experience, independence and knowledge of the entity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively: (i) devoting time at least annually to discuss Board succession issues and updating the Company's Board skills matrix; and (ii) all Board members being involved in the Company's nomination process, to the maximum extent permitted under the Corporations Act and ASX Listing Rules.
A liste	Recommendation 2.2 A listed entity should have and disclose a Board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the Board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.		Under the Nomination Committee Charter (in the Company's Corporate Governance Plan), the Nomination Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) is required to prepare a Board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the Board currently has (or is looking to achieve) and to review this at least annually against the Company's Board skills matrix to ensure the appropriate mix of skills to discharge its obligations effectively and to add value and to ensure the Board has the ability to deal with new and emerging business and governance issues.

RECOMMENDATIONS (4TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION	
		The Company has, for the past financia matrix setting out the mix of skills and currently has or is looking to achieve in its available on the Company's website.	diversity that the Board
		The Company identifies the following as required by the Board to successfully	
		The Directors have been measured again matrix:	st these areas in the skills
			Number of Directors that meet the skill
		Listed company experience	3
		Industry experience and knowledge	3
		Leadership	3
		Corporate governance and Risk	
		Management	3
		Strategic thinking	3
		Desired behavioural competencies	3
		Geographic experience	3
		Capital Markets experience	3
		Subject matter expertise	
		- accounting	3
		- capital management	3
		- corporate financing	3
		- mineral resources	3
		- risk management	3
		As can be seen the main areas identified	are well represented
		by the Company's Directors.	
		The Board Charter requires the disclosure of qualifications and expertise. Full details of senior executive's relevant skills and expertise Company's Annual Report and on the	as to each Director and erience are available in

RECOMMENDATIONS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
Recommendation 2.3 A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the Directors considered by the Board to be independent Directors; (b) if a Director has an interest, position or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (4th Edition), but the Board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the Director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the Board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each Director	YES	 (a) The Board Charter requires the disclosure of the names of Directors considered by the Board to be independent. The Company has disclosed those Directors it considered to be independent in its Annual Report and on the Company's website. Directors of the Company are considered to be independent when they are independent of management and free from any business or other relationship that could materially interfere with, or could reasonably be perceived to materially interfere with, the exercise of their unfettered and independent judgement. In making this assessment, the Board considers all relevant facts and circumstances. The Board does not consider the current holding of Shares compromises Mr Steven Wood's independent status. The Board of the Company considers Mr Wood as an independent director. (b) The Company has disclosed in its Annual Report and the Company's website any instances where this applies and an explanation of the Board's opinon why the relevant Director is still considered to be independent (c) The Company's Annual Report discloses the length of service of each Director, as at the end of each financial year.
Recommendation 2.4 A majority of the Board of a listed entity should be independent Directors.	NO	The Company's Board Charter requires that, where practical, the majority of the Board should be independent. There was not an independent majority of the Board for all of the past financial year.

RECOMMENDATIONS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
		The Board did not consider an independent majority of the Board was appropriate for the past financial year given: (a) the Company considers it necessary, given its speculative and small scale activities, to attract and retain suitable Directors by offering Directors an interest in the Company; and (b) the Company considers it appropriate to provide remuneration to its Directors in the form of securities in order to conserve its limited cash reserves.
Recommendation 2.5 The Chair of the Board of a listed entity should be an independent Director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	YES	The Board Charter provides that, where practical, the Chair of the Board should be an independent Director and should not be the CEO/Managing Director. The Chairman of the Board is Mr Roger Steinepeis. Mr Steinepeis is not considered independent by the Board. The Company considers this is appropriate due to the Company's current speculative and small scale activities.
Recommendation 2.6 A listed entity should have a program for inducting new Directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as Directors effectively.	YES	In accordance with the Company's Board Charter, the Nominations Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) is responsible for the approval and review of induction and continuing professional development programs and procedures for Directors to ensure that they can effectively discharge their responsibilities. The Company Secretary is responsible for facilitating inductions and professional development including receiving briefings on material developments in laws, regulations and accounting standards relevant to the Company.

RECOMMENDATIONS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
Principle 3: Instil a culture of acting lawfully, ethically and	responsibly	
Recommendation 3.1 A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	YES	The Company and its subsidiary companies (if any) are committed to conducting all of its business activities fairly, honestly with a high level of integrity, and in compliance with all applicable laws, rules and regulations. The Board, management and employees are dedicated to high ethical standards and recognise and support the Company's commitment to compliance with these standards.
		Our Core Values are: Collaboration, Respect, Efficiency, Safety and Thrift ("CREST")
		(a) Collaboration - we value the trust of all our stakeholders and strive to create a positive working environment founded on cooperation, reciprocity, and responsibility;
		 (b) Respect - we place high value on our people and the creation of an atmosphere of respect, honesty and mutual dialogue;
		(c) Efficiency - we are committed to the highest working and management standards to ensure the long-term growth of the business and achievement of our long- term targets;
		(d) Safety - we never compromise employee safety; and
		(e) Thrift - we responsibly manage the cash and resources entrusted to us, to keep costs down so that we can put more cash and resources into the ground.
		The Company's values are set out in its Code of Conduct (which forms part of the Corporate Governance Plan) and are available on the Company's website. All employees are given appropriate training on the Company's values and senior executives will continually reference such values.

RECO	MMENDATIONS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
Recommendation 3.2 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its Directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the Board or a committee of the Board is informed of any material breaches of that code.		YES	 (a) The Company's Corporate Code of Conduct applies to the Company's Directors, senior executives and employees. (b) The Company's Corporate Code of Conduct (which forms part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan) is available on the Company's website. Any material breaches of the Code of Conduct are reported to the Board or a committee of the Board.
Recommendation 3.3 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (a) ensure that the Board or a committee of the Board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy		YES	The Company's Whistleblower Protection Policy (which forms part of the Corporate Governance Plan) is available on the Company's website. Any material breaches of the Whistleblower Protection Policy are to be reported to the Board or a committee of the Board.
	under that policy. Recommendation 3.4 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and		The Company's Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy (which forms part of the Corporate Governance Plan) is available on the Company's website. Any material breaches of the Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy are to be reported to the Board.

RECO	MMENDA	ATIONS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
Princi	Principle 4: Safeguard the integrity of corporate reports			
	have (i) (ii) and c (iii) (iv) (v) if it denotes that indep its contact the c	an audit committee which: has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive Directors and a majority of whom are independent Directors; and is chaired by an independent Director, who is not the Chair of the Board, disclose: the charter of the committee; the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or loes not have an audit committee, disclose fact and the processes it employs that bendently verify and safeguard the integrity of reporate reporting, including the processes for appointment and removal of the external or and the rotation of the audit engagement	No	The Company did not have an Audit and Risk Committee for the past financial year as the Board did not consider the Company would benefit from its establishment, and does not currently have one. In accordance with the Company's Board Charter, the Board carries out the duties that would ordinarily be carried out by the Audit and Risk Committee under the Audit and Risk Committee Charter including the following processes to independently verify the integrity of the Company's periodic reports which are not audited or reviewed by an external auditor, as well as the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner: (i) the Board devotes time at annual Board meetings to fulfilling the roles and responsibilities associated with maintaining the Company's internal audit function and arrangements with external auditors; and (ii) all members of the Board are involved in the Company's audit function to ensure the proper maintenance of the entity and the integrity of all financial reporting.
Recor	Recommendation 4.2		YES	The Company's Audit and Risk Committee Charter requires the CEO and CFO (or, if none, the person(s) fulfilling those functions) to provide a sign off on these terms.
				The Company has obtained a sign off on these terms for each of its financial statements in the past financial year.

RECOMMENDATIONS (4TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
The Board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.		
Recommendation 4.3		
A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.	YES	 The Company has included in each of its (to the extent that the information contained in the following is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor): (a) annual reports or on its website, a description of the process it undertook to verify the integrity of the information in its annual directors' report; (b) quarterly reports, or in its annual report or on its website, a description of the process it undertook to verify the integrity of the information in its quarterly reports; (c) integrated reports, or in its annual report (if that is a separate document to its integrated report) or on its website, a description of the process it undertook to verify the integrity of the information in its integrated reports; and (d) periodic corporate reports, or in its annual report or on its website, a description of the process it undertook to verify the integrity of the information in these reports.
Principle 5: Make timely and balanced disclosure		
Recommendation 5.1 A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	YES	(a) The Company's Corporate Governance Plan details the Company's Continuous Disclosure policy.

RECOMMENDATIONS (4TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION	
		(b) The Corporate Governance Plan, which incorporates the Continuous Disclosure policy, is available on the Company's website.	
Recommendation 5.2 A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	YES	Under the Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy (which forms part of the Corporate Governance Plan), all members of the Board receive material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	
Recommendation 5.3 A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	YES	All substantive investor or analyst presentations were released on the ASX Markets Announcement Platform ahead of such presentations.	
Principle 6: Respect the rights of security holders			
Recommendation 6.1 A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	YES	Information about the Company and its governance is available in the Corporate Governance Plan which can be found on the Company's website.	
Recommendation 6.2 A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	YES	The Company has adopted a Shareholder Communications Strategy which aims to promote and facilitate effective two-way communication with investors. The Strategy outlines a range of ways in which information is communicated to shareholders and is available on the Company's website as part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan.	
Recommendation 6.3 A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	YES	Shareholders are encouraged to participate at all general meetings and AGMs of the Company. Upon the despatch of any notice of meeting to Shareholders, the Company Secretary shall send out material stating that all Shareholders are encouraged to participate at the meeting.	

RECOMMENDATIONS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
Recommendation 6.4 A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	YES	All substantive resolutions at securityholder meetings were decided by a poll rather than a show of hands.
Recommendation 6.5 A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	YES	The Company has the capability to communicate with shareholders electronically through its website, email communications and via the share registry. Electronic contact details are provided on the Company's website.
Principle 7: Recognise and manage risk		
Recommendation 7.1 The Board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent Directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent Director, and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the members of the committee; and (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the process it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	No	The Company did not have an Audit and Risk Committee for the past financial year as the Board did not consider the Company would benefit from its establishment, and does not currently have one. In accordance with the Company's Board Charter, the Board carries out the duties that would ordinarily be carried out by the Audit and Risk Committee under the Audit and Risk Committee Charter including the following processes to oversee the entity's risk management framework: (i) the Board devotes time at Board meetings to fulfilling the roles and responsibilities associated with overseeing risk and maintaining the entity's risk management framework and associated internal compliance and control procedures.

RECO	MMENDATIONS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
	pard or a committee of the Board should: review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the Board; and disclose in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	YES	 (a) The Audit and Risk Committee Charter requires that the Audit and Risk Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) should, at least annually, satisfy itself that the Company's risk management framework continues to be sound and that the Company is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the Board. (b) The Company's Board has completed a review of the Company's risk management framework in the past financial year.
	d entity should disclose: if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	NO	 (a) The Audit and Risk Committee Charter provides for the Audit and Risk Committee to monitor and periodically review the need for an internal audit function, as well as assessing the performance and objectivity of any internal audit procedures that may be in place. (b) The Company does not have a formal internal audit function. The Board monitors the need for an internal audit function having regard to the size, geographic location and complexity of the Company's operations. (c) The Company's Management periodically undertakes an internal review of financial systems and processes and where systems are considered to require improvement these systems are developed. The Board also considers external reviews of specific areas and monitors the implementation of system improvements.
A liste expos	mmendation 7.4 d entity should disclose whether it has any material ure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how hages or intends to manage those risks.	YES	The Audit and Risk Committee Charter requires the Audit and Risk Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) to assist management to determine whether the Company has any potential or apparent exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does put in place management systems, practices and procedures to manage those risks.

RECOMMENDATIONS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
		The Company's Corporate Governance Plan requires the Company to disclose whether it has any potential or apparent exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, put in place management systems, practices and procedures to manage those risk. Where the Company does not have material exposure to environmental or social risks, report the basis for that determination to the Board, and where appropriate benchmark the Company's environmental or social risk profile against its peers. The Company discloses this information in its Annual Report.
		Currently the Board identifies and manages the following as material economic, environmental, and social sustainability risks: • Listed entities have economic risks with regard to the capital markets, and this impacts that Company's ability to raise funds for project development and working capital requirements. The Company constantly monitors its cash reserves and the state of the capital markets.
		The Company's exploration activities meet Environmental regulations around exploration activities. This is managed via utilising reputable contractors in relevant jurisdictions.
		The Company operates in a comparable manner to other junior exploration companies listed on the ASX. The Company has not formally identified any social sustainability risks at this stage.

Principle 8: Remunerate fairly and responsibly

Recommendation 8.1

The Board of a listed entity should:

- (a) have a remuneration committee which:
 - (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent Directors; and
 - (ii) is chaired by an independent Director, and disclose:
 - (iii) the charter of the committee;
 - (iv) the members of the committee; and
 - (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for Directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.

NO

The Company did not have a Remuneration Committee for the past financial year as the Board did not consider the Company would benefit from its establishment, and does not currently have one. In accordance with the Company's Board Charter, the Board carries out the duties that would ordinarily be carried out by the Remuneration Committee under the Remuneration Committee Charter including the following processes to set the level and composition of remuneration for Directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive:

- (i) The Board devotes time on an annual basis to assess the level and composition of remuneration for Directors and senior executives;
- (ii) The Board sets appropriate remuneration levels and incentive policies for employees including setting policies for senior officers' remuneration, setting the terms and conditions for the Managing Director and Senior Executives, reviewing the Company's incentive schemes and superannuation arrangements, reviewing the remuneration of both executive and non-executive directors and undertaking reviews of the CEO's performance.
- (iii) The board policy is to remunerate Directors at market rates for time, commitment, and responsibilities. The Board determines payments to the Directors and reviews their remuneration annually, based on market practice, duties, and accountability. Independent external advice is sought when required. Fees for Non-Executive Directors are not linked to the performance of the Consolidated entity. However, to align Directors' interests with shareholders' interests, the Directors are encouraged to hold shares in the Company.
- (iv) The Company's aim is to remunerate at a level that will attract and retain high-calibre directors and employees. Company officers and Directors are remunerated to a level consistent with the size of the Company.

		 (v) The Board believes that it has implemented suitable practices and procedures that are appropriate for an organisation of this size and maturity. (vi) In accordance with best practice corporate governance, the structure of Non-Executive Director and Executive compensation is separate and distinct. (vii) In determining remuneration, the Board has taken a view that the full Board will hold special meetings or sessions as required. The Board are confident that this process for determining remuneration is stringent and full details of remuneration policies and remuneration received by directors and executives in the current period is contained in the "Remuneration Report" within the Directors' Report of the Annual Report.
Recommendation 8.2 A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive Directors and the remuneration of executive Directors and other senior executives.	YES	The Company has structured the remuneration of its senior executives, where applicable, such that it comprises a fixed salary, statutory superannuation and participation in the Company's Employee Incentive Option Plan. The Company believes that by remunerating senior executives in this manner it rewards them for performance and aligns their interests with those of shareholders and increases the Company's performance. Non-executive directors are paid their fees out of the maximum aggregate amount approved by shareholders for non-executive director remuneration. The Company does not adhere to Guidelines for non-executive director remuneration 'Non-executive directors should not receive options with performance hurdles'. The Company has previously granted options to non-executive directors and, potentially, will do so in the future. The Board is of the view that options (for both executive and non-executive directors) are a non-cash cost effective benefit for companies such as the Company that seek to conserve cash reserves. They also provide an incentive that ultimately benefits both shareholders and the option holder, as option holders will only benefit if the market value of the underlying shares exceeds the option strike price. Ultimately, shareholders will make that determination.

			The Remuneration Report contained in the Annual Report outlines the Director and executive remuneration arrangements of the Company in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and the Corporations Regulations. It also provides the remuneration disclosure required by AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures. There are no schemes for retirement benefits, other that superannuation, for Non-Executive Directors, where applicable.
A listed scheme (a)	d entity which has an equity-based remuneration e should: have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and disclose that policy or a summary of it.		 (a) The Company had an equity-based remuneration scheme during the past financial year. The Company did have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme. (b) A copy of the policy is provided on the Company's website
Additio	onal recommendations that apply only in certain case	es	
A listed langua held a disclose unders meetin	d entity with a director who does not speak the age in which board or security holder meetings are or key corporate documents are written should the the processes it has in place to ensure the director tands and can contribute to the discussions at those ags and understands and can discharge their tions in relation to those documents.		Not applicable
A listed	d entity established outside Australia should ensure eetings of security holders are held at a reasonable and time.		Not applicable

Recommendation 9.3	Not applicable
A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	